AIR NOZZLE AND RELIEF VALVE ARRANGEMENT FOR VERTICAL

2 TIRE PUMP

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BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

5 1. Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to a vertical tire pump and, more

7 specifically, to an air nozzle and relief valve arrangement for use in a vertical

8 tire pump.

2. Description of the Related Art

10 FIG. 7 shows a conventional vertical tire pump, which was invented by 11. the present inventor. This structure of vertical tire pump 1 has an inner tube 4 12 mounted inside the plunger tube 6 and connected to the handle 8, and a relief 13 valve 7 mounted in the top end of the inner tube 4 inside the handle 8. Through 14 the relief valve 7 the user can discharge excessive air pressure out of the 15 inflatable body. If the user does not have a pressure gage, or does not know the 16 standard pressure of the inflatable body, the user may press the inflatable body 17 10 with the fingers to check the internal pressure status of the inflatable body. If 18 the internal pressure of the inflatable body is excessively high, the user can then 19 open the relief valve 7 to discharge excessive air pressure out of the inflatable 20 body. However, because the relief valve 7 is disposed in the handle 8 of the 21 vertical tire pump 1 far away from the inflatable body, the user must move the 22 hand through a long distance from the inflatable body to the relief valve 7 at the 23 handle 8, and then open the relief valve 7 to discharge air. Due to a long distance 24 between the inflatable body and the relief valve, a delay error may occur when 25 discharging excessive air pressure out of the inflatable body, resulting in an

- 1 accurate discharge. Further, if the relief valve failed, the user can not replace the
- 2 relief valve by one self, and must ask a professional person to do the job or
- 3 replace the whole vertical tire pump. The repair cost according to this design is
- 4 high. Further, because this design is not a DIY (Do-It-Yourself) design, the user
- 5 cannot install or dismount the relief valve by one self.
- Therefore, it is desirable to provide an air nozzle and relief valve arrangement that eliminates the aforesaid drawbacks.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention has been accomplished under the circumstances in view. It is the main object of the present invention to provide an air nozzle and relief valve arrangement, which enables the user to operate the relief valve to discharge excessive air pressure from the inflatable body efficiently and accurately with less effort. It is another object of the present invention to provide an air nozzle and relief valve arrangement, which enables the user to replace the relief valve by oneself when the relief valve failed, saving the repair cost. To achieve these and other objects of the present invention, the air nozzle and relief valve arrangement comprises an air nozzle, and a relief valve installed in the air valve. The air nozzle has a first end, a second end connected the air output hose of a vertical tire pump, an air passage extended between the first end and the second end, a filling plug assembly mounted in the first end, and a lever coupled to the filling plug assembly for operation by the user to move the filling plug assembly between an open position for enabling air to pass from the air passage to the inflatable body being connected to the first end and a close position to block said air passage. The relief valve is mounted in the air nozzle in air communication with the air passage, and selectively controlled to

- 1 discharge air out of the air passage into the atmosphere. Because the relief valve
- 2 is installed in the air nozzle, the user can conveniently efficiently operate the
- 3 relief valve with the same hand after checking the pressure status of the
- 4 inflatable body. Further, the simple structure design enables the user to remove
- 5 the relief valve from the air nozzle conveniently by one self for a replacement
- 6 when the relief valve failed.
- 7 Other objects, advantages and features of the present invention will
- 8 now be described by way of example with the annexed drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- FIG. 1 is a perspective view showing an air nozzle and relief valve
- arrangement installed in a vertical tire pump according to the present invention.
- FIG. 2 is an exploded view of the preferred embodiment of the present
- 13 invention.

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- FIG. 3 is a sectional view taken along line 3-3 of FIG. 1.
- FIG. 4 is a sectional view showing an operation status of the present
- 16 invention.
- FIG. 5 is an enlarged view of a part of FIG. 4, showing the closed status
- 18 of the relief valve.
- FIG. 6 is similar to FIG. 5 but showing the relief valve opened.
- FIG. 7 is a sectional view of a vertical tire pump according to the prior
- 21 art.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

- Referring to FIG. 1, an air nozzle 10 is mounted with a relief valve 20,
- and connected to the hose 31 of a vertical tire pump 30.
- Referring to FIGS. 2 and 3, the air nozzle 10 has a first end 11, a

second end 12, an air passage 15 extended from the first end 11 to the second end 12, a filling plug assembly 13 mounted in the first end 11 and connectable to a US model air valve or French model air valve, and a lever 14 coupled to the first end 11 and adapted to control the filling plug assembly 13 and to further close/open the air passage 15. Because the filling plug assembly 13 is of the known art, no further detailed description in this regard is necessary. The second end 12 is coupled to the hose 31 of the vertical tire pump 30 for enabling pumped air to pass from the vertical tire pump 30 through the hose 31 into the internal air passage 15 of the air nozzle 10. The air nozzle 10 further has a first through hole 16 and a second through hole 17 respectively vertically disposed in 11. communication with the air passage 15.

The relief valve 20 comprises a valve rod 21, a valve cap 22, and a spring member 23 provided between the stem washer 22 and the valve rod 21. The valve rod 21 has a first end 211 and a second end 212. The first end 211 is inserted through the first through hole 16 to the outside of the air nozzle 10. The outer diameter of the valve rod 21 is slightly smaller than the first through hole 16, leaving a gap. The first end 211 of the valve rod 21 has an outer thread 213 around the tip, which is threaded into the inner thread 241 of a button 24 that is disposed outside the air nozzle 10 for pressing by the user. The second end 212 of the valve rod 21 has a flange 214 extended around the periphery. An O-ring 25 is mounted on the first end 211 of the valve rod 21, and stopped between the flange 214 and the shoulder 161 of the first through hole 16. The valve cap 22 has an outer thread 221 threaded into an inner thread 171 inside the second through hole 17. An O-ring 26 is mounted on the valve cap 22, and stopped between the valve cap 22 and the shoulder 171 of the second through hole 17.

- 1 The valve cap 22 has a center recessed hole 222 adapted to accommodate one
- 2 end of the spring member 23. The other end of the spring member 23 is sleeved
- onto the second end 212 of the valve rod 21 and stopped against the flange 214.
- 4 The valve cap 22 further has a bottom tool hole 223 adapted to receive a tool
- 5 that is used to rotate the valve cap 22.

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operation.

- Referring to FIG. 3 again, normally, the relief valve 20 is closed, and
- 7 the air passage 15 of the air nozzle 10 is not in communication with the
- 8 atmosphere. As illustrated, the relief valve 20 is provided below the lever 14,
- 9 which protects the relief valve 20 against outside dust.

Referring to FIGS. 4 and 5, before pumping operation, the lever 14 is lifted to open the filling plug assembly 13 to let the air passage 15 be in air communication with the inside space of the inflatable body (tire) 40 to be inflated. At this time, the air pressure of the air passage 15 is equal to the inside pressure of the inflatable body (tire) 40. If the tire pump is not equipped with a pressure gage, the user may press the inflatable body (tire) 40 with the fingers to check the internal pressure status of the inflatable body (tire) 40 during pumping

Referring to FIG. 6, if the user feels that the air pressure of the inflatable body (tire) 40 is too high (a hard touch is sensed) after pressed the inflatable body (tire) 40 with the fingers, the user can then use the same hand to press the button 24, causing the relief valve 20 to discharge air. Because the relief valve 20 is installed in the air nozzle 10, which is connected to the inflatable body (tire) 40, the user can conveniently rapidly check the pressure status of the inflatable body (tire) 40 with the fingers and the press the button 24 to open the relief valve 20 with the same hand when necessary. When the user

- 1 pressed the button 24 with the hand, the valve rod 21 is lowered to move the
- 2 respective O-ring 25 away from the shoulder 161 of the first through hole 16,
- 3 for enabling air to rapidly pass out of the inflatable body 40 to the atmosphere to
- 4 lower the internal air pressure of the inflatable body (tire) 40.
- More important, because the relief valve 20 is installed in the air
- 6 nozzle 10, the short distance between the relief valve 20 and the inflatable body
- 7 (tire) 40 enables air to be quickly and accurately discharged out of the inflatable
- 8 body (tire) 40. When the relief valve 20 failed, the user can directly remove the
- 9 air nozzle 10 from the tire pump 30 for a replacement without throwing the
- whole tire pump 30 away. This DIY (Do-It-Yourself) design enables the user to
- make the replacement by oneself without the help of a professional person,
- 12 thereby reducing the repair cost.
- A prototype of air nozzle and relief valve arrangement for vertical tire
- 14 pump has been constructed with the features of FIGS. 1~6. The air nozzle and
- 15 relief valve arrangement for vertical tire pump functions smoothly to provide all
- 16 of the features discussed earlier.
- 17 Although a particular embodiment of the invention has been described
- in detail for purposes of illustration, various modifications and enhancements
- 19 may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.
- 20 Accordingly, the invention is not to be limited except as by the appended claims.